gon,
UGGISTS
AGENTS
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STATE
FOR
ALL THE
Principal
PATENT
MEDICINES,
&c &c

ERN STATES LARGE AND
ons of
Coast,
at as FAVORABLE RATES as
an examination of stock and

OIL,
LCOHOL,
MACHINERY OIL
NEW YORK,
July 13m

...fling duty imposed upon the [illegible] sought the advice of many [illegible] ed my disease as of trifling [illegible] few weeks, and in several [illegible] atment, I found [illegible] relief, my sympt[illegible] are, and being told [illegible] confined to the brain [illegible] I despaired of ever [illegible] ergy and as a last resort [illegible] ed upon Dr Czapkay wh[illegible] bed some medicine which almost the dull pain and dizziness in my result. I resolved to place myself and by a strict obedience [illegible] my head became clear and my pain in my back and groins [illegible] nervous reaction of my [illegible] or excitement, the misanthropy self-distrust and want of confidence study and want of resolution at times pleasurable dreams [illegible] tary discharges have all [illegible] months after having consulted red by a new life—that life which I contemplated to end by my own hard the unfortunate from falling ent quacks, I deem it my duty to merit and skill of Dr Czapkay who may stand in need of medi my own experience that once permanent cure will be effected
B F FILLMORE
of San Francisco
before me this seventh day of
MIDDLETON Notary Public

MARYSVILLE, June 3d, 18
Francisco—Sir I have used the do not think I shall need any except that I have not entirely on will with the appetite [illegible] may recollect since I left that institution, as I thought [illegible] you would be able to cure me might be able to do something and head and strength [illegible] get excited and tremble at every know what I expected you to do complete recovery [illegible] of those sores and [illegible] my throat and the distress [illegible] which you said were principally the hardly tell you which [illegible] praise, for except not having fully well as any man can feel ty dollars over your charge [illegible] If you think my letter will be letter in the newspapers
THOMAS HAYDEN

incentive to gratitude
[illegible] an honest desire of my heart [illegible] a case which deserves [illegible] of scientific skill but that [illegible] years ago I suddenly and [illegible] seized with a fit of epilepsy to [illegible] the expense [illegible] treatment [illegible] on attempting it, soon became [illegible] to defy the skill [illegible] without the slightest warning the agonies I yet despised the learned to look upon those who shelter me from danger as one the existence of my miseries [illegible] previous to my affliction [illegible] more was induced to attempt [illegible] told him of my [illegible] him for his service [illegible] undertook my case [illegible] once more restored to perfect [illegible] for the [illegible] of my indebtedness [illegible] to make the [illegible] medical advice may [illegible] can be procured
MEYER YABLONSKY
of San Francisco [illegible] subscribed 1st day of August A D 1856
T A GRANT [illegible] Public
Private Medical and Surgical Institute below Montgomery [illegible] site the Office San Francisco The Dr and asks no remuneration unless hours from [illegible]

LOCAL WEAKNESS [illegible] weakness of the limbs and ability for labor and study [illegible] memory [illegible] self-distrust [illegible] pains in the side [illegible] sexual or other infirmities [illegible] physician and surgeon [illegible] method of curing [illegible] is new [illegible] or otherwise free
L J CZAPKAY M D

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. II. PORTLAND, OREGON TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 18, 1862. NO. 13.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK,
Publisher and Proprietor

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN [illegible] $8 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $2 50 for three months [illegible] Advertisements [illegible]

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN [illegible] the sum of $3 [illegible] $4 [illegible] $1 [illegible]

Office—Front street [illegible]

E. D. SHATTUCK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
Office in Starr's Building,
Front street [illegible]
May 16 [illegible]

WM. H. WATKINS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office on Front Street, between Washington and Alder,
july21 PORTLAND OREGON

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S
PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY
FIRST STREET IN SHELBY'S BUILDING

DOUGLASS W. WILLIAMS,
Real Estate Agent
HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO THE STORE OF ROBBINS, CHITTENDEN & CO., Front street, opposite Vaughn's Wharf and is prepared to attend to
PURCHASING and SELLING REAL ESTATE
RENTING HOUSES
COLLECTING RENTS AND DEBTS
MAKING DEEDS AND MORTGAGES and
SEARCHING THE RECORDS FOR TITLES OF LAND &c
Has also Commissions from the Governors of the State of California and Washington Territory to take the acknowledgment and proof of the execution of Deeds and claims for oaths to be used in said State and Territory
Sept 10 1861 dtf

CHARLES H. MERCER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
STEAM CANDY MANUFACTURER,
No 518 Kearny Street between Sacramento and California
SAN FRANCISCO
STEAM FACTORY—Second [illegible]
All Orders promptly attended to.
Cartage Free to all parts of the City [illegible] excepted
oct7 [illegible]

HENRY LAW,
Commission Merchant
AND PRODUCE DEALER,
Next door to M Mansfield's Auction House
Front street, Portland.
FLOUR FEED AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS constantly on hand and for sale.
Also a complete assortment of EASTERN and OREGON WAGON TIMBER for sale.
Consignments of Produce solicited [illegible]

JAGGER & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE DRY GOODS GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE
LEWISTON, W. T.
Sept 9 1861 dtf

DR, J. G. GLENN,
DENTIST,
CAN NOW BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE IN Portland, fully prepared with a large assortment of superior Dental Materials just received from New York, to perform all the operations in his line which he may be called on to perform at reasonable rates
Jan. 9 1862 dtf

Cowlitz Market,
FIRST STREET,
Next Door to R. Pittock & Co's Portland Oregon
CATLIN & FOWLER Proprietors
THE Proprietors respectfully announce to the citizens of Portland and the people generally that they will constantly keep at their market the very best and choicest quality of
Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal,
and every variety of
VEGETABLES.
Cash paid for Butter [illegible] Eggs Chickens Turkeys &c
By strict attention to business and fair dealing we hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public trade
SETH CATLIN Jr
JESSE FOWLER
nov19tf

Removal.

CITY MARKET!
First st., between Morrison and Yamhill,
J. & I. BERGMANN, PROPRIETORS,
HAS REMOVED TO THE NEW AND handsome building [illegible] where his old customers will find the [illegible] Meats of all kinds [illegible] FRESH BEEF, PORK MUTTON VEAL SALT MEATS &c
CITY MARKET
Portland Jun 15 1861 dtf

DUFUR'S
Premium Cheese
IS ONLY FOR SALE IN THIS CITY BY
R. PITTOCK & CO.,
Corner of [illegible] and Front streets [illegible] Lower Steamship Landing
The cheese which received the premium at the late State Fair is now for sale as above
Portland, Oct 9 1861 dtf

GO TO BUCHTEL & CARDWELL
For a Picture
WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE

DISCOVERY OF A THEBAN TOMB AND PAPYRUS [illegible] Davis [illegible] hill [illegible] the Arabs [illegible] and [illegible] a gilt [illegible] porcelain [illegible] most remarkable [illegible] and [illegible] graphic [illegible] papyrus is now sold [illegible] Dr [illegible] Saul [illegible] religious book [illegible] Egyptian

GREAT NEWS VIA JACKSONVILLE.—The Jacksonville Gazette says—The town on the Willamette [illegible] Corvallis are fast filling up with persons on their way from California to the mines who are unable by reason of the bad [illegible] to [illegible] on their way at present. The number scattered through the various towns is estimated at between two and four thousand.—Portland cannot accommodate anything like half of them. Oregon City is eaten out by them, and at Albany and the upper towns board is $14 per week. Parties leaving California hereafter had better come via Jacksonville where board is cheap and food plenty.

Washington Territory contains an area of 200 000 square miles, or 134 400 000 acres. There are twenty four counties in the Territory, two of which (Idaho and Nez Perces) were created by the last session of the legislature. Its population is 14,416—5,489 of whom are set down to Nez Perces and 3 742 to Shoshone county.

HOW A CONVICT IS PUNISHED IN VICTORIA.—A convict was pardoned and paid fifty dollars, at Victoria, on the 8th inst for performing the ceremony of hanging an Indian convicted of murder.

PORTLAND
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting
ESTABLISHMENT,
Front street,
OPPOSITE MANSFIELD'S AUCTION HOUSE
ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—
Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
COPPER, TIN AND PLANISHED
Bath Tubs,
Square and Angular Black Walnut Countersunk
MARBLE-TOP WASH STANDS
COLD AND HOT AND COLD
Water-Showers,
SILVER PLATED BASIN COCKS,
Marble Wash-Basins,
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,
Hydraulic Rams,
Non-Freezing Hydrants,
Water Closets,
&c., &c., &c.
Persons wishing to introduce Cold or Hot and Cold Water into their premises either plain or ornamental would do well to give me a call.
C. H. MYERS.
Portland Jan , 1862

HARKER BROS.,
Agents for
MESSRS. KIEL & CO.'S
Buckskin Gloves,
MITTENS AND GAUNTLETS,
ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER TO THE MERCHANTS [illegible] Washington Territory all the [illegible] styles and [illegible] of that [illegible] manufacture [illegible] tanned in Fish Oil [illegible] to the hands and [illegible]
WATER-PROOF,
and the same articles manufactured in Missouri [illegible]
TAKEN A PREMIUM
at most of the States Fairs and the World's Fair in New York [illegible] the very best article of the kind manufactured in the United States.
PERSONS GOING TO THE MINES and all others desiring durable articles, should not fail to supply themselves with the PREMIUM GLOVES [illegible]
Encourage our Oregon Manufacture.
ja20 HARKER BROTHERS

FOR NEZ PERCES MINES!
THE OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S STEAMERS
Will run [illegible] COLUMBIA RIVER [illegible]
THE STEAMER
JULIA,
WOLF [illegible] Commander
Will leave PORTLAND every
Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
at [illegible] A M [illegible] the Steamer
IDAHO,
MCNULTY [illegible] Commander
AT CASCADES
For DALLES CITY,
[illegible]
NEW STEAMER
TENINO,
WHITE Commander
Will leave DESCHUTES [illegible]
WALLULA,
EVERY TUESDAY,
Returning, leaves Wallula every Thursday at 5 A M

Passage from Portland to Dalles $8 00
Portage at Cascades extra
Animals from Portland to Dalles 5 00
Passage from Deschutes to Wallula 15 00

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR MEALS
J C AINSWORTH
Pres't O S N Co
Aug 25 1861 dtf

CITY BAKERY
AND
PROVISION STORE
ROBERT PITTOCK TOBIAS MYERS
R. PITTOCK & CO.,
Corner of First and Morrison Sts.,
AND FRONT ST. OPP. LOWER STEAMSHIP LANDING
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS OF
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c.,
and dealers in
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
FAMILY GROCERIES,
FEED FRUITS, VEGETABLES &c, &c
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City
Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched
The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE
1 tfd

THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT
AND HOTEL,
CORNER OF FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
THOS. S. FITZGERALD, Proprietor.
THIS ESTABLISHMENT has been recently refitted and affords the advantage of obtaining board and lodging [illegible] at rates in accordance with the times
It is located near the wharves of the Columbia River and Willamette River steamers, and is convenient to the business portion of the community
It will be the constant aim of the Proprietor to deserve the patronage bestowed on him by preserving the strictest order and cleanliness and by giving those who call the best viands procurable in this market
The Empire will be open from 5 o'clock in the morning until midnight

RATE OF CHARGES AT THE EMPIRE.

Board per week	$6 00
Board and Lodging, per week	7 50 and 8 00
Single meals	50
Board per day	1 00
Board and Lodging	1 50

Attached to the Restaurant are a few Private Rooms where Ladies and Gents can have meals prepared at any hour
Portland Nov 1 1861 dtf

EVERY MAN TO HIS TRADE!
HAVING MADE A PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT with a Practical
Pattern-Maker,
One who has served a regular apprenticeship at the business I will furnish all ordinary Patterns at my Foundry
Free of Charge or Cost.
I have the Largest Stock of Patterns, of all varieties on this coast
CASTINGS furnished on shortest notice.
Also a large quantity of BABBITT'S METAL always on hand
aug5tf DAVID MONNASTES

'THE CENTRAL'
Front street, corner of Alder,
J BOTHWELL Proprietor.
THIS saloon is newly built and fitted up expressly for the business with [illegible] tasteful apartments. The Bar will be [illegible] stocked with the choicest
Wines, Liquors and Cigars
[illegible] and in this city and dispensed in approved style
Having long been a resident of Portland and well acquainted [illegible] the proprietor [illegible] and solicits the patronage of the public [illegible]
Portland Dec 18th 1861

GO TO
BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S
FOR A
Photograph

HURGREN & SHINDLER.
First st., Cor. Salmon,
PORTLAND,
DEALERS
AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF
FURNITURE AND BEDDING,
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING LARGE ADDITIONS TO our stock consisting of—
Elegant Styles of
PARLOR & BEDROOM SETS,
DINING ROOM AND
Common Household Furniture.
in Great Variety
GILT ROSEWOOD and MAHOGANY FRAMED
Looking-Glasses,
GILT MOULDINGS, from [illegible] to 4½ Inches
Upholstery Goods!
PLUSH HAIR CLOTH, GIMP
Pulu, Hair, Moss, Feathers, Wool.
OAT STRAW, for beds for sale.
Spanish Cedar,
Black Walnut and
St. Domingo Mahogany Lumber.
Veneers, Glue,
Iron Bedfastenings.
GOODS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND, packed in cases for shipping.
PULU IN BALES, from 25 to 100 lbs
Every description of
FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER.
Upholstery Done
in the most thorough manner
SPRING BEDS
of the most improved kind always on hand
oct28tf First street, corner of Salmon.

Blacksmithing in General.
JOHN M MARBLE J D LETTS
MARBLE & LETTS,
(Successors to D C Ingles,)
INFORM THE PUBLIC that they are now prepared to accommodate all the old customers of Mr Ingles and they hope many new ones who may see fit to favor them with their work at short notice
They will drop all work to attend to
Shoeing Horses.
Plows made to order, and always an assortment on hand and they will give a written guarantee that they shall perform well, and in failure of which they will pay the purchase money back
Those indebted to us are requested to come and settle as we are always ready Come along with your cash! It is good to pay old debts and it is good to make bargains for new work
Yamhill street, corner of Second.
Portland Feb 4 1861

North End Steam Saw Mills.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED THE STEAM Saw Mill known as
WM COLLINS & CO.'S STEAM SAW MILLS
At the North end of this City are now prepared to furnish all kinds of
FIR AND CEDAR LUMBER,
Dressed or undressed,
TONGUE AND GROOVED FLOORING,
CEILING,
Pickets, Laths, &c.
We will also furnish Cargo Lumber on the shortest notice
The business will be conducted entirely on the CASH PRINCIPLE.
OFFICE AT THE MILL, or with
MASTERS & HULL on the Levee
No 100 Corner Front and Taylor streets.
HARBAUGH & STITZEL.
Portland May 17 1861 dtf

Ambrotypes, &c.
D. H. HENDEE, Artist
In the Rooms south [illegible] same Building with J H Mitchell, Dr Glenn and Prof Sedlak,
FRONT STREET PORTLAND
WILL TAKE PICTURES ON PAPER, OILCLOTH and [illegible] put up in Lockets Rings Pins and a large variety of Good Style Cases, at a much lower price than ever sold in Portland
The best time for taking pictures of children is between 9 A M and 1 P M
oct28tf

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S
PICTURES ARE THE BEST IN OREGON

The cheese which received the premium at the late State Fair, is now for sale as above
Portland, Oct 9 1861 dtf

For a Picture
WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE

LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS, Moore's Melodies, Tom Tidler, at CHARLES BARRETT'S, Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

The Daily Oregonian.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

No flag but the Old Flag—the Red, White and Blue,
With the stars of a Union unbroken and true!
Arise and defend it! ye sons of the brave,
Whose blood bought the banner your valor must save

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 18, 1862.

☞ See first and fourth pages.

To Our Farmers.

Produce of every kind seems to be advancing in price, and we desire to state a few facts to our farmers and to urge them to do all they can, to provide human food the coming season.

The papers of California, and numerous persons we have seen from thence, say that those portions of the country—bottoms of rivers—which have produced the greatest amounts of cereals, have been in a great measure despoiled by the tremendous floods which have occurred there the present Winter. Lands worth one and two hundred dollars an acre have been furrowed by the waters or have been covered, some of them to the depth of five feet, with sand, and rendered utterly worthless for cultivation. The season will now soon pass in California for the putting in of crops—if it has not already done so—and the result of all these things must be that the crops in California the coming season will be very small and will sell at very high prices. This is the belief of many of the intelligent miners from California, who are now in this city.

These miners, who are from every part of the State, are of opinion that there will be a vast emigration from California to our mines. They will come by the ocean steamers, by sailing vessels, by the overland route by way of Yreka, Jacksonville and this Valley; and crowds will go by the upper routes. The movement will be large from the Washoe mines—for there the mining is done by means of capital—laborers are employed at low wages, and the waters of that region are found to be very injurious to the human constitution. Much silver is raised there, but not in a way to give encouragement to laboring men.

The same disposition for emigration from Washoe is manifested in all the gold regions. Men are leaving good claims to go to Salmon river. Some of the papers published in the mining regions of California say that the miners will go, although their prospects where they are should satisfy reasonable men.

Appearances indicate that there will be twenty-five thousand miners in the mines the present season. These miners are to be provided with food mainly from this Valley; and it will tax our farmers to their utmost to do it. The coming year will still add to the population east of us; and the demand for food will hereafter be largely increased—and prices will be good.

We therefore conjure our farmers to be up and doing. Men who go to the mines may make much money—some of them will—some will not, and will return poorer in the Fall than when they left us. We shall see many who will curse mining—say there is no luck for them; generally for such there is no luck anywhere. They have not the gift of *perseverance in labor*. Men who won't work on their farms steadily—who half do their work—and who won't work at all here—we have little faith will do any good in the mines.

But good farmers in this Valley now have good claims; and if they are worked with industry, these will pay well. There is no mistake now in the Willamette diggings. We hope our farmers will improve the prospects before them. They must do it, or even at the high prices of California produce, the gold will go by us to enrich the farmers of California, or even to the States.

One word more. Among the miners now among us, and among those who are coming, there are some, and will be more, farmers. Those we have seen give discouraging accounts of California farming. We tell such that if they desire to engage in the business, there is no country of which we have any knowledge that so certainly rewards the labors of the farmer as this valley of the Willamette. Crops yield well here when properly put in. Rarely—not one year in twenty—is there a failure. It is said that there never has been a general failure in the crop of wheat. Barley, oats, and grasses are certain. Californians, who are *good* farmers have now a capital opportunity to purchase farms in this valley. They can be got cheap, and men and families wearied with change, can make here pleasant and profitable homes.

The snow will soon be gone, and our farmers can resume plowing, putting in wheat, oats and barley. They should not forget the great demand there will be for the article of beans. The large White Kidney (Royal Dwarf) is probably the best variety for cultivation. It grows strong, rapidly, and matures early. We have heard it said that in consequence of the dry weather in Summer, the bean stalk does not throw out branches. If that be so, plant them thicker—plant them in drills. It will require more seed, but it will pay. An ordinary crop of beans will yield some sixteen bushels to the acre. These, sixty pounds to the bushel, at five cents per pound, will be worth forty-five dollars. The weeds must be kept out—(which requires some labor) but the work will pay. We have about come to the conclusion that any thing upon earth worth having requires labor—and it is the more excellent, the more care and labor given to it.

The coming season will be a busy time with farmers, miners, mechanics, merchants, the shipping interests, hotel keepers—indeed, with all the industrial interests. We are passing into a great whirl of business excitement and labor. He who can best guide his bark in that excitement, will best make the times pay.

The War of 1775, 1812 and 1861.

The Albany *Journal*, contrasting the events of the present contest, says that the War of the Revolution was relatively a mere succession of skirmishes. The war of 1812, measured both as regards numbers and the field of operation, shrinks into contemptible insignificance beside the gigantic operations that are going on at the present hour. If we look back at the history, more especially of the last war with England, and compare its leading incidents with those of the conflict now raging, we shall find that it hardly rises to the dignity of modern reconnoissance. The "battles" dwindle down into the veriest martial *emeutes*; the casualties are few, and the number of prisoners taken in victorious engagements, counted rather by hundreds than thousands. We cite a few incidents from the war of 1812 to show what petty affairs relatively were some of the most brilliant victories achieved by our arms.

The first "battle" of any importance was that of Brownston, near Detroit, fought August 9th, 1812. Our force was only 600, that of the British and Indians combined, 750.—Our loss was 18 killed and 63 wounded: that of the enemy 160. Gen. Hull's "army" which so disgracefully surrendered at Detroit six days later, only numbered twenty-five hundred men; while that of the enemy consisted of only 720 English and 600 Indians. No wonder Gen. Brock, who commanded the latter, wrote to Sir Geo. Provost—"When I detail my good fortune, your Excellency will be surprised." At the battle of Queenstown, two columns of 300 men each, did about all the fighting on our side. Gen. Van Rensselaer, in his report, says "one-third part of the men idle might have saved all." As it was, some looked on, while "many fled into the woods," leaving their brethren to their fate. At the seige of Fort Erie, the English threw 2000 red hot shot without hurting a man.—Our loss was only 4 killed and 7 wounded. Brigadier General Smith abandoned his favorite project of invading Canada West because, although he had been preparing the greater part of the summer, and had energetically drummed up volunteers, he had succeeded in collecting only 1500 men; and he did not think the expedition would be successful unless he had 1500 more. At the Battle of York our force was 1700; that of the enemy 600 English and 100 Indians.—Our loss was 300 killed and wounded; that of the enemy, 100 killed, 300 wounded, 200 prisoners. This was one of the most brilliant of our victories, yet it is not to be compared to the Battle of Belmont or that of Ball's Bluff, either as regards the number engaged or the losses sustained. At the Battle of Sackett's Harbor, the enemy's force was 1000; our's, 500. His loss in killed and wounded was 150; our's, 154. Among the trophies taken by our troops were the British standard and mace. Over the latter hung a human scalp! Com. Perry's victory on Lake Erie was esteemed a "big thing" in its day; yet his whole fleet consisted of only 54 guns and 2 swivels! Our loss in killed and wounded was 123; that of the enemy has never been definitely known. At the Battle of Chippewa our loss was 328;—that of the enemy 514. At the Battle of Fort Erie our loss was 84; that of the enemy 582. At the Battle of Baltimore the enemy's forces numbered from 7000 to 8000; our's was probably less than half that number. Our loss was 170, that of the enemy some 700 in killed, wounded and missing. Even the Battle of New Orleans looks insignificant to us that have witnessed a reconnoissance on the Potomac 10,000 strong and a review of 70,000 troops. The British force, including sailors and marines, was about 14,000; that of Gen. Jackson 3200 on the left bank of the river and about 800 distributed in positions hard by. Our loss was 7 killed and 6 wounded; that of the enemy 700 killed and 1400 wounded.

It is safe to say that a greater number of lives have been lost within the past five months than during the entire "War of 1812."

Letter from Senator Nesmith on our Indian Affairs.

Office Sup't Indian Affairs,
Portland, Ogn., Feb. 17, 1862.

Editor Oregonian—Sir:—As many of our citizens hold claims against the Indian Department, for services rendered and supplies furnished, and are anxious to hear something concerning them, I herewith inclose you a copy of a communication furnished the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, by Senator Nesmith, which I desire published for the information which it contains. I can assure those holding these claims, that every exertion is being made to secure their prompt payment.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. H. Rector,
Superintendent of Indian Affairs, Oregon.

Washington, Dec. 13, 1861.

Sir:—Referring to the various conversations which I have had with you upon the subject of Indian Affairs in Oregon and Washington, you were kind enough to request me to submit my views in writing.

In accordance with that request, I respectfully submit the following statement, and only regret that the demands put upon my time do not permit me to make it more elaborate.

Great inconvenience has resulted to the service in Oregon and Washington, from the neglect of the Department, promptly to remit funds for the current expenses of the service. Appropriations for certain fiscal years have been permitted to remain in the Treasury here till near the close of the year, when they should have been placed at the disposal of the Indian officers in Oregon and Washington at the commencement of the year; by such criminal neglect of the Department, the Superintendent and agents, have been forced to make purchases *on credit*, at prices varying from twenty to fifty per cent. above what the same purchases could have been made for the cash, nor can it be expected, in a country where money commands from three to five per cent. per month, that business men will exempt the Government from rules which apply among themselves. I do not desire to be understood that all purchases made upon credit have so far exceeded the cash market prices, for the fact is that, in many instances, supplies have been procured upon the supposition that the funds for payment would be promptly forwarded, as the parties knew that the money had been appropriated, and could see no reason for its detention. It is but just, however, to say that the few, who have been victimized by that sort of credulity, are not likely to repeat the expensive experiment. I know that the objection may be raised that to place the entire appropriation for any year, in the hands of the Superintendent at once, would be entrusting him with a larger amount of money than was covered by his bonds: I would suggest the propriety of obviating this objection by increasing the penalty of the bonds.

The complaint that the officers in Oregon and Washington are in the habit of incurring liabilities in excess of the annual appropriations is in a great measure to be attributed to the cause above mentioned: if the Department here compels its distant officers to sacrifice a large per centage of the appropriations by credit purchases, it is not astonishing that there should be deficiencies. I would, therefore, suggest the propriety of remitting to those officers *in advance*, the necessary funds for each fiscal year, and hold them to a strict accountability for its proper disbursement.

The practice of purchasing goods in New York for the use of the Department in Oregon and Washington, and also in California, should be dispensed with. Some person has defrauded the Government and the Indians of immense sums of money by such purchases; while I was Superintendent in Oregon, an invoice of old, shelf-worn and worthless goods was purchased in New York, amounting to about $9,000, and sent to me by express at the rate of twenty-five cents per pound. The express charges amounted to about $10,000, while the same goods could have been bought in Oregon for less than the original price in New York. I recollect distinctly the article of "frying pans," which cost the Department forty-five cents each, delivered in Portland by express; the same quality of pans could then be purchased in Portland at $3 per dozen. The case selected is a fair sample of the lot.

In illustration of the improper purchases made for the use of the Indians in Oregon and Washington, I desire to refer you to reports now on file in your office from Major John Owen, late agent for the Flat Heads, in 1859 and 1860. The cases referred to were cases of downright robbery, where, as I believe, the money of the Indians was stolen and subsequently divided between the agent employed and the minions of a corrupt Administration intent upon its own perpetuation in power, and for the advancement of whose corrupt purposes I believe a portion of the funds then stolen from the Indians were expended. All descriptions of goods necessary for the use of the Indian Department can be bought upon the spot for less than they can be purchased and sent from the East, particularly the article of blankets. Oregon and California have excellent woolen factories, and the best proof of the fact that coarse woolen goods can be made there as well as elsewhere is that the people there are shipping large quantities of wool to New York. I would therefore respectfully recommend that the practice of purchasing Indian goods in New York be discontinued, and that the Superintendents be furnished with the money and authorized to make their own purchases.

I am informed that instructions have been sent to the new Superintendents in Oregon and Washington not to pay any liabilities incurred by their predecessors, or the predecessors of the present agents. I beg leave to suggest that such instructions work great hardships to honest claimants, who made advances on the evident presumption that payments therefor would be made within reasonable time.—To send the accounts here and get them through the circumlocution offices of the Government, as I can attest, occupies an indefinite period. While I was Superintendent, the same instructions were issued to me, and I forwarded claims till the Department became disgusted, and directed me to pay all claims contracted by my predecessor which I deemed to be correct. I apprehend that the Department will be forced to the same decision in the present instance, and I would suggest the propriety of instructing the Superintendents to investigate all such claims, and if found correct, that they be paid at once. If any cases are presented which they believe to be fraudulent, they should be instructed to report them to the Department for instruction.

In conclusion, I beg to impress upon you the immediate and pressing necessity of forwarding to Oregon and Washington all the unexpended balances of appropriations due to those Districts.

I am respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. W. NESMITH.

Mr. Dole, Commissioner Indian Affairs.

Multnomah Union Convention.

The legal voters of Multnomah County, who are in favor of electing men to office who are pledged to sustain the Government in its efforts to suppress the rebellion, maintain and enforce the laws by all the means at its command, and are willing to respond to the call made for a Union State Convention, are invited to meet in their several precincts at the usual place of voting, at one o'clock on Saturday, the 22d day of March, 1862, and elect delegates to a Union County Convention, to be held at the Court House, in Portland on Saturday, the 29th day of March, 1862, for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Union State Convention, to be held in Eugene City on the 9th of April, 1862. The precincts are entitled, upon the basis of the popular vote, to delegates as follows: North Portland, 19; South Portland, 20; Multnomah, 2; Powells Valley, 3; Willamette, 2; Sandy, 2; St. John's, 1; Sauvie's Island.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,
ISRAEL MITCHEL,
I. H. WAKEFIELD,
Republican County Committee.

John McCraken,
Thos Frazar,
S J McCormick,
A C Gibbs,
H J Ladd,
A M Starr,

J C Ainsworth,
T Robertson,
Levi Anderson,
Geo H Williams,
H W Corbett,

Henry Failing,
Wm H Watkins,
J J Hoffman,
A Leland,
Alex Dodge

NEW TO-DAY.

Look Here!

ANATOMICAL ATLAS and Drapers Physiology at
CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel

LIVE AND LEARN, How to Write, St. Rohan's Ghost,
At CHARLES BARRETT,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS, Moore's Melodies, Tom Tiller, at
CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

Eyes Right!

COOKE'S CAVALRY TACTICS, Ordnance Manual,
McClellan's Cavalry and Infantry Tactics,
U. S. Army Regulations for 1862, by authority,
At CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

WARREN'S DRAUGHTSMAN, Young Ben Franklin, Streaks of Light, Great Expectations, Wine and Water at
CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

THE SUTHERLANDS, by the author of Rutledge, Stokesley, Dum, Tribune Almanac, Young Ladies' Reader,
At CHARLES BARRETT'S,
fe18 Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

United States of America.
In the United States District Court for the State of Oregon. } In Admiralty.

BY virtue of a decree rendered in the said court, in favor of David Walling, on the eighth day of February, A. D. 1862, against the Schooner *Christina*, for the sum of fifty dollars damages, and the sum of 52.15 dollars costs, and the further costs of keeping the said sloop, and the costs of advertising and sale of the same, and by virtue of an execution to me in hand given in this behalf, I shall proceed to sell the said Schooner at public sale to the highest bidder, together with her tackle furniture and apparel, to satisfy the said decree and execution on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1862, at the head of Commercial Wharf, in the City of Portland, Multnomah County.

February 17, 1862.
D. B. HANNAH,
United States Marshal for the District of Oregon.
fe18 By J. F. McCOY, his Deputy.

Theatre Saloon!

THE undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to the public that he has rented the Bar Room attached to the

WILLAMETTE THEATRE,

and will open this evening. He promises to keep constantly on hand the best qualities of

Liquors, Wines and Cigars.

fe14 1w JAMES McKENNA.

JUST RECEIVED!

AND FOR SALE AT

BYRNES',

.... THE ....

Finest Assortment of Liquors.

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J. W. NESMITH,
ioner Indian Affairs.

ion Convention.

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the call made for a Union
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1862, and elect delegates to a
be held at the Court House,
29th day of March, 1862, for
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titled, upon the basis of the
follows: North Portland, 19;
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ISRAEL MITCHEL,
L. H. WAKEFIELD,
ublican County Committee.

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son,	Wm H Watkins,
erson,	J J Hoffman,
illiams,	A Leland,
bett,	Alex Dodge

TO-DAY.

Here!

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CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

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Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

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Court for the } In Admiralty

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furniture and apparel, to sat-
ntion, on the 1st day of March,
mmercial Wharf, in the City
nty.
D. B. HANNAH,
al for the District of Oregon,
By J. F. McCOY, his Deputy.

Saloon!

pleasure of announcing to the
ed the Bar Room attached to

E THEATRE,

He promises to keep constant-
of

es and Cigars.
JAMES McKENNA

ECEIVED!
SALE AT
N S',
HE.....
ent of Liquors.

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

The MORNING OREGONIAN has a larger SUBSCRIPTION LIST than any other Daily published in this City.

Below we give a communication from two members of the city council, in relation to the protest of two members, placed on record, and published in our report of the proceedings yesterday morning. In connection herewith we would state that we have been informed by the members who voted for the payment of the U. S. District Court Fee Bill, that they did so because the bill had been presented to the board some thirteen days prior to their last meeting, referred to the finance committee for examination, and reported back again correct. On the other hand those members who voted against its payment, asserted that the charter required the payment of any sum over $100 to lay over by resolution for ten days. It seems, then, only to be a technical difference of opinion, and not an intentional error, as insinuated by a cotemporary yesterday morning.

MR. EDITOR—Sir: In your issue of the 17th inst., we seen notice of the protest entered by a portion of the City Council on the allowance of $126 20 for fees in the case of J. P. O. Lownsdale vs. the City of Portland; and to correct impressions that may mislead we will state that the bill had been presented *two* weeks before its passage, and had been for *two* weeks under the investigation of a committee to whom it was referred. Hence there could have been no violation of Sec. 7 Art. 8, as is understood by your notice of the protest, and no cause for such protest as the record shows; and those who protested must have acted without being advised as to the facts in the case, or under some misunderstanding.

S. E. BARR,
WM. M. KING,
Members City Council.

Portland, Feb'y 17, 1862.

CAYUSES.—Quite a crowd was collected on Front street, near Stark, drawn there to witness the sale of a number of Cayuse horses, yesterday. A splendid opportunity was presented to the student of anatomy, who could make the deepest research without the aid of of the dissecting knife. The sufferings of the recent cold weather were plainly visible in the emaciated appearance of these poor horses. One individual, who was trying the speed of one of them, was thrown off, to the no little amusement of the by-standers.

BALL OF MULTNOMAH No. 2.—The members of Multnomah Engine company are making grand preparations for their ball, which is to be given in honor of the birth of Washington on Friday evening next. The committee of arrangements embraces members from all the other fire companies, and everything will be done to make the affair a pleasant one.

FOR THE CASCADES.—Yesterday Col. Ruckel dispatched two four-horse sleighs loaded with hay and barley, for his residence at the Cascades.

NOT ARRIVED.—At a late hour last night the steamer *Rival*, which left for Astoria on Friday last for the purpose of towing the bark *Jane A. Falkinburg* to this port, had not arrived. The captain of the *Cowlitz* reports that he saw nothing of her.

The steamer *Mountain Buck* is being thoroughly overhauled and repaired. She is to be put on the route to the Cascades. This steamer has always been considered one of the best on our waters.

Before you go to the Salmon river mines, step up into the gallery of Buchtel & Cardwell and have your pictures taken. They do up this business in the best possible manner.

FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA.—The Victoria *Colonist*, of Feb. 10, contains a few items of interest from British Columbia.

The payment of £2,500 from the British Columbia Treasury as a part of the subsidy to hire steamers to go direct from San Francisco to Victoria, does not please the people of New Westminster. They have held a meeting and denounced the act with great indignation.

There was a lack of flour at Fort Yale, and it was selling at $6 a sack.

At Lilloet flour was selling at $22 per barrell, and is fed to pack animals.

On Nicholas river, cattle were dying.

Heavy snows and cold weather through all British Columbia.

For San Francisco,
DIRECT!
THE STEAMSHIP
CORTES,
THOS. HUNTINGTON..................Commander
Will sail from Portland
On or about Wednesday, Feb. 19.
For freight or passage, apply to
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN, Agents.

Agency Notice.—Mr. L. P. FISHER is our only authorized Agent in San Francisco to receive advertisements, and transact business for the DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN. Office—No. 171½ Washington street, nearly opposite Maguire's Opera House.

☞ **Coughs.**—The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement.

☞ **The Medical and Surgical Institute** of DR. L. J. CZAPKAY is already secured in a position which places it, as well as its proprietor, far above the assaults of envy and professional malice. In the schools of France, the highest prizes are often awarded to practitioners in this department of medical science, and thus occupy, with others, an equally lofty position in the profession. Ricord is an illustrious example, a shining light among the philosophical stars of his age in Europe and Dr. Czapkay has fully equalled him in this country, as a proof of which the Philadelphia College of Medicine accompanied [illegible] with a Diploma and the honorary [illegible] degree. Selecting this as his field of operation, although qualified as a graduate of the University of Pesth, and late Chief Surgeon of the Hungarian Revolutionary army, for more extended fields Dr. L. J. Czapkay has bent his earnest attention to the cure of chronic and private diseases, in which he has become so great an expert, that he is now regarded as the leader in this branch of his profession throughout the United States and his portrait and biography are published as matter of interest to their readers in the most exclusive journals. The Doctor's offices are at his Medical and Surgical Institute, on Sacramento street, corner of Leidesdorff, nearly opposite the buildings of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, San Francisco. We ask particular attention of our readers to the sworn certificates of remarkable cures, in another column of this paper. Persons not wishing to lose time in corresponding, please enclose $10 in their letters, and they will get immediate attention to their cases. Address, L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., San Francisco, Cal. june26d&w1y

HODGE & CALEF,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
WINDOW-GLASS,
WHITE LEAD, VARNISHES,
Brushes, Painters' Materials, &c.
ALSO
CAMPHENE, KEROSENE, COAL OIL
—AND—
Coal Oil Lamps.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE LARGE INVOICES OF Goods in our line, lately received from New York, to which we would direct the attention of buyers throughout the State.

Our extra facilities for purchasing enables us to supply the

Best of Goods at VERY LOW RATES.

HODGE & CALEF,
Wholesale Druggists,
Front street, Portland, Oregon.
Oct. 15, 1861.

MILLER & KUEHN,
PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKERS,
and Jewelers,
Corner of First and Alder Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

MILLER & KUEHN wish to respectfully inform the citizens of Portland, Oregon and Washington Territory, that they have associated themselves in the above business, with a very select assortment of

Fine Gold and Silver Watches,
Diamonds, Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware, and
Clocks of all styles,
Which we offer to sell lower than any other house.

Fine Watches, Chronometers, and Clocks will be
Repaired with the Utmost Care
and promptness, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Solid Jewelry manufactured in the best and latest styles.

Engraving Executed with neatness and dispatch.

All our work warranted for one year.

J. B. MILLER,
C. F. KUEHN.
Portland, Jan. 13, 1862.

FIRST ANNUAL BALL
—OF—
Multnomah Fire Engine Co. No. 2
Will take place at
ARMORY HALL,
.........ON.........
WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY EVE,
FEBRUARY 21ST, 1862.

Committee of Arrangements.
A. B. HALLOCK, JOS. BUCHTEL, S. SKIDMORE,
A. J. BUTLER, BEN. L. NORDEN.

Honorable Managers.
JOSEPH WEBBER,
P. C. SCHUYLER, Jr., E. G. RANDALL, WM. DELLINGER,
A. M. DIERDORFF, O. City, CHAS. BOWKER, Salem.

Floor Managers.
JOS. BUCHTEL, C. P. FERRY, T. A. DAVIS.

Committee on Invitations.
C. P. FERRY, B. F. GOODWIN, A. B. ELFELT.

☞ Tickets can be procured of
A. J. BUTLER, L. WATERMAN,
S. SKIDMORE, E. EASTABROOKS.

To Merchants and Shippers.
PORTAGE AT OREGON CITY.

THE MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS of the Willamette Valley are notified that

BARSTOW & FRAZER

are now prepared with plenty of teams and careful drivers to pass freight over the Portage between Oregon City and Canemah as fast as could be expected.

One of us will be at all times at each end of the route, to attend to the forwarding of the freight, so as to prevent any unnecessary delay.

Oregon City, Oregon, Jan. 1, 1862.
[Eugene City, Corvallis, Albany and Salem papers copy.]

New Store! New Goods!
J. HAAS & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
BOOTS AND SHOES,
SHOEMAKERS'S TOOLS,
AND FINDINGS,
Front street, near Alder,
(A. R. Shipley & Co's Old Stand.)

WE BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that we have just opened an entire New Stock of Goods, consisting of

LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S
Sewed Congress, Gaiters, Shoes,
Balmorals, (an entirely new article,)
Slippers, Buskins, &c.
MEN'S AND BOYS'
Calf, kip, ingrain & rubber Boots,
Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

BENKERT'S Philadelphia City made Sewed DRESS BOOTS always on hand.

Parties fitting out for the Mines will do well to call and examine our stock of

NAILED AND RUBBER BOOTS.

☞ Our stock of SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS and FINDINGS comprises everything usually required by shoemakers.

Us. Please give us a call.

ja8 J. HAAS & CO.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat, Relieve the Hacking Cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh; Clear and give strength to the voice of

PUBLIC SPEAKERS, and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "Common Cold" in its first stage; that which would in the beginning yield to a mild remedy, if neglected soon attacks the Lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" containing demulcent ingredients, allay Pulmonary and Bronchial Irritation.

BROWN'S "That trouble in my Throat, (for which the "*Troches*" are a specific) having made me often
TROCHES a mere whisperer."
N. P. WILLIS.

BROWN'S "I recommend their use to PUBLIC SPEAKERS."
REV. E. H. CHAPIN.

TROCHES "Have proved extremely serviceable for HOARSENESS."
BROWN'S Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

"Almost instant relief in distressing labor of
TROCHES breathing peculiar to ASTHMA."
Rev. A. C. EGGLESTON.

BROWN'S "Contain no Opium or anything injurious."
Dr. A. A. HAYES,
TROCHES Chemist, Boston.

"A simple and pleasant combination for
BROWN'S COUGHS, &c." Dr. G. F. BIGELOW,
Boston.

TROCHES "Beneficial in BRONCHITIS."
Dr. J. F. W. LANE,
BROWN'S Boston.

"I have proved them excellent for WHOOPING
TROCHES COUGH." Rev. H. W. WARREN.
Boston.

BROWN'S "Beneficial when compelled to speak, suffering from COLD."
TROCHES Rev. S. J. P. ANDERSON,
St. Louis.

BROWN'S "EFFECTUAL in removing Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with SPEAKERS
TROCHES and SINGERS."
Prof. M. STACY JOHNSON,
BROWN'S La Grange, Ga.,
Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.

TROCHES "Great benefit when taken before and after preaching, as they prevent Hoarseness. From
BROWN'S their past effect, I think they will be of permanent advantage to me."

TROCHES Rev. E. ROWLEY, A. M.,
President of Athens College, Tenn.

☞ Sold by all Druggists.
REDINGTON & CO., Wholesale Druggists, General Agents for the Pacific Coast, 409 and 411 Clay street, San Francisco.
fe5d&w3mis

JACOB COHEN,
Front Street,
One Door South of Alder Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FINE WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
CLOCKS,
SPECTACLES, CUTLERY, &C.

All Goods sold by me are strictly warranted to be as represented.

Watch Repairing.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing of Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.
Having devoted many years to this branch of the business, I am confident of giving satisfaction.
All work warranted.

Engraving of all Kinds
Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.
aug 23 JACOB COHEN.

FINE GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY

I AM NOW IN RECEIPT OF A FINE ASSORTMENT of

Gold and Silver Watches,
Jewelry,
Diamond Work,
Silver Ware,
Cutlery, &c.

Citizens of Oregon would SAVE MONEY by going to the

Old Pioneer Jewelry Store

and purchasing GOOD ARTICLES AT FAIR PRICES, as

WE WARRANT ALL OUR GOODS

as represented, and we keep only the best quality of Goods to be obtained, and we sell at reasonable prices, so that our customers cannot complain.

Remember! JOHN AGRELL,
At the Old Established Jewelry Store of
dec30w1 G. COLLIER ROBBINS.

H. W. E[illegible]Y & CO.'S
"STANDARD MILLS FLOUR,"
—THE—
Best Article in Market,
FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT, by
HENRY LAW.

REMOVAL.
W. WEATHERFORD,
Wholesale
AND
Retail
DRUGGIST,
Has Removed his
Extensive Stock
OF
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PAINTS,
OILS, &c.,
TO HIS LARGE AND
Commodious Fire-Proof Building,
FRONT STREET,
Between Taylor and Yamhill streets,
Where he will continue
The DRUG TRADE
on a more extensive scale. Purchasing my stock from
Eastern Dealers and Manufacturers,
and having a
Resident Agent in New York,
I can offer
Superior Facilties
to the Trade.

Thankful for the liberal patronage for the past five years I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, assuring those who intrust their Orders with me that

NOTHING SHALL BE WANTING
TO GIVE
General Satisfaction
IN
Prices and Quality of Goods.
W. WEATHERFORD.
Portland, Dec. 10, 1861. d&tf

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.'S
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINES
ARE UNEQUALLED BY ANY FOR
BEAUTY AND SIMPLICITY OF CONSTRUCTION
—AND—
Efficiency in Working.

A GOOD SEWING MACHINE

SHOULD BE WELL MADE, simple in its construction, and easily kept in order; should make A TIGHT LOCK-STITCH, alike on both sides of the material, and should sew any and all materials that can be sewed.

It should be able to use cotton, thread, or silk, directly from the spool, and to sew from coarse to fine, and from thick to thin, with rapidity, and without changing the tension. It should also be able to make the tension greater or less, on both the under and upper threads, and with uniformity; and should have a *straight* needle; curved ones being liable to break.

The needle should have perpendicular motion—this is absolutely necessary for heavy work.

It should be able to bind with a binder, hem with a hemmer; should stitch, fell, run and gather, and always ready to work.

It should be capable of using the same size thread on both sides of the work, and of using different colored thread or silk, above or below, to correspond with any two colors of cloth to be united.

It should be able to make a long or short stitch, and to fasten off the seam, and commence sewing tightly at the first stitch, and to run easily, and make but little noise.

It should have a wheel-feed; no others are in constant contact with the work.

It should not be liable to get out of order; neither should it require a screw-driver or wrench to set the needle.

It should not be liable to oil the operator's dress.

It should not form a ridge on the under side, nor ravel.

The undersigned are General Agents for the general supervision of these unrivalled machines for Pacific States and Western Coast of Mexico.

COX, WILLCUTT & CO.,
Leather Dealers,
422 Battery street, San Francisco.
HURGREN & SHINDLER,
Corner of First and Salmon streets,
Agents in Portland.
ja9d&w

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL
HAVE THE
BEST ARRANGED GALLERY in OREGON.

20 BBLS. PURE OREGON CIDER.
For sale in quantities to suit, by
KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.

[illegible] and From
The choose which received the premium at the late State Fair, is now for sale as above.
Portland, Oct. 8, 1861 d&f

For a Picture
WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE!

LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS, Moore's Melodies, Tom Tiddler, at
CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

Fossil Elephant Tusks.

ANTEDILUVIANS.—Captain Taylor, of the schooner *Sea Witch* lately returned from a trading voyage in the Arctic Sea, brought with him two mastodon tusks found by the Indians on the Asiatic shore near Mechigmen Bay in lat 65° 0 N long 172° W. From the tips to the roots which are sawed off square the tusks are respectively two and a half and [illegible] feet in length and five inches in diameter and weigh the largest 46 pounds. As ivory they are remarkable for their peculiar [illegible] and delicacy of grain. We understand that Captain Taylor intends to present them to the [illegible] College of California, an institution than which probably none ranks higher on the Pacific. The curious on [illegible] paying an see them at Mr H. M. Whitney's [illegible] store, where they will remain deposited a short time.—*Polynesian*

It has long been known that the tusks of [illegible] [illegible] the North [illegible] Coast of Siberia and the Islands [illegible] the Russian Navy, in a work published in 1840 says that they must have been [illegible] thousands of years, and yet the ivory is [illegible] and perfect as that from the living animal. [illegible] adds that they are found in [illegible] masses of [illegible] and in the frozen snow [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] says that [illegible] 1 2 pounds each, and that the whole [illegible] Islands appears [illegible] years the fur hunters have brought large [illegible] from these Islands without any sensible diminution of the quantity. These facts are remarkable.—How are they accounted for?

In 1842 a French Scientific gentleman named [illegible] Adhemar published a work entitled [illegible] [illegible] of the Sea, in which he attempted to show that the masses of waters about the two poles of the earth are transferred alternately from the North to the South and from the South to the North of the equator every 10,500 years. This theory was [illegible] and most ingeniously defended. He says this is done by a change of the centre of gravity in the earth—that some 10,500 years ago the Northern Hemisphere was covered with an ice [illegible] to that which now exists at the South Pole. The waters of the Northern ocean then flowed South carrying with them the drift now found in the United States and Europe. Some of the articles of this drift are large granite boulders which are out of place and scattered over the country from the Rocky Mountains to Maine. Subsequently the cap of ice formed at the Northern Pole, and the center of gravity of the earth changed—the Southern waters flowed North carrying the mastodons which found a resting place, a few in different localities on our continent, but the mass of them on the Northern Coast of Siberia. Mr Adhemar attributes the preservation of the bones and tusks of the mastodons on the coast of Siberia to the great cold of that region. The skins of the animals, and in one case the body of one encased in ice was found in good preservation.

Baron Cuvier held nearly the same opinions. He satisfied himself that the flood of Noah as described by Moses, took place about the time usually assigned to it—that is from four to six thousand years ago—and he says of this catastrophe, in his *Theory of the Earth*, that "In the northern regions it has left the carcasses of some large quadrupeds which the ice had arrested, and which are preserved even to the present day with their skin their hair and their flesh. If they had not been frozen as soon as killed they must quickly have been decomposed by putrefaction."

SMALL HOUSES.—We confess to a liking for small houses and small women. Touching the former, we will here give seven good and sufficient reasons, as we think, for our preference. In the first place they imply small, cosy rooms—not cramped, but measurable. So small that the light and heat are reflected from all parts. Family comfort cannot thrive in a hall or a field. I imagine that the boy who did not feel sufficiently acquainted with his father to ask him for a new cap, lived in a "palatial residence." I doubt not, for the same reason, people living among mountains are more sociable than those who live on plains. Affection, like a smile, dies unless it is reflected.

Secondly, we like small houses because they look paid for, and a small house paid for holds more happiness and real friends than a large one unpaid. Anything unpaid is uncomfortable.—To an honest man debts are demons, and an indebted house a haunted house full of creeping horrors and disquietudes, as that described by Hood.

Thirdly, we like small houses because they look sympathizing. They are like people not over dressed—more ready to make acquaintance. A big house is like a big man—unaccostable. Stately porticoes and lordly halls are like the titles D. D., LL. D., etc.—imposing, distant and inclined to be repellant.

In the fourth place, we like a small house because it excites no envy. It matters not how elegantly it is furnished, how tastefully adorned by shrubbery and flowers, its observers are its admirers and friends. It does not fall under the "evil eye," and no man who has a soul would wish even his house—his home, the abode of his wife and children—to be an object of envy. Everybody can say, and is encouraged to say, "I can build such a house,"—which words are equivalent to a blessing.

Fifthly, we like a small house because it must always remain the people's house. The industrious mechanic can earn such a house, the diligent laborer can own, by patient industry, such a house, the widow can live in such a house, and what a rich, rational comfort it is to live in such accomodations as of necessity must be the dwelling places of nine tenths of the race.

Sixthly, we like small houses, because, in such most of us begin life. It is with small houses that the affections of young couples, the first cares and joys of married life are mostly appreciated. Most of us begin in a small way.

In the last place we prefer the small house because it is not so far removed from our last narrow home. Only a few steps down and our weary feet are there. But from the large palace to the narrow grave the change is too abrupt.—*Ohio Farmer.*

[illegible] [illegible] TAYLOR

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SWISS STOMACH BITTERS.

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The world renowned [illegible] together with the [illegible] and increasing demand for Dr. HUFELANDS SWISS BITTERS will at once [illegible] them to the favorable notice of all connoisseurs and lovers of A GOOD AND HEALTHFUL TONIC AND INVIGORATOR. As a Purifier of the Blood acting surely yet gently on the [illegible] [illegible] of the Liver and [illegible] [illegible] a most agreeable drink. [illegible]

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WOULD INFORM THE TRADE [illegible] and Washing[illegible] [illegible] that they have [illegible] new establishment for the sale of DOORS, WINDOWS and BLINDS of every description.

[illegible] [illegible] in this market since 1849, enables us to [illegible] [illegible] and extensive experience which we will sell at as low prices as any in the market.

Parties sending for goods by letter [illegible] the same at as low prices as if ordered in person. Orders by letter or otherwise will be promptly and faithfully filled.

We [illegible] to the buying and selling of [illegible] merchandise.

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MANUFACTURED ENTIRELY FROM WHEAT which they can warrant not to be surpassed by any article imported to the State.

If the People of Oregon MUST AND WILL HAVE WHISKEY let them buy

STARR'S PURE UNADULTERATED

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oct10tf [illegible] A. SPAULDING

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Offices fitted out with dispatch. [illegible] dawly

Hogs Wanted!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE in CASH for Fat Hogs.

CATLIN & FOWLER
[illegible] Market, First street
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Ship Chandlery for Sale

PURCHASE BLOCKS, &c.
[illegible] [illegible] SMALL ANCHORS
Also, LIME, CEMENT and CALCINED PLASTER
Between Second and Third sts., on Taylor
Opposite M. E. Church, by
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Removal.

JOHN R. FOSTER has removed his stock of HARDWARE to his

Old Stand on Front street,

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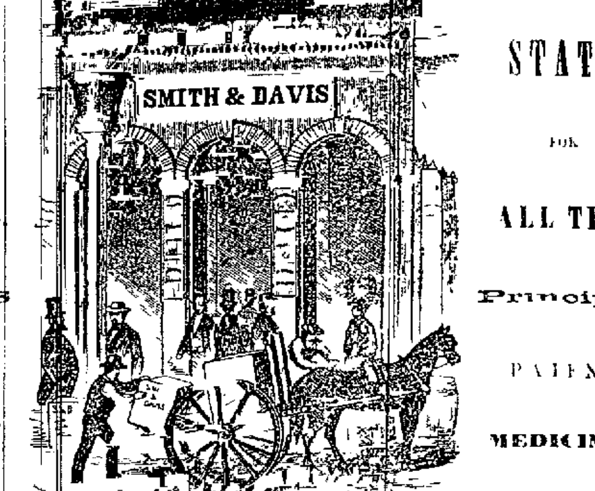
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS



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The Largest on the Pacific Coast,

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] FAVORABLE RATES [illegible] [illegible] San Francisco. We will [illegible] [illegible] FACT which an examination of Stock and prices will prove.

JUST ARRIVED!

A FRESH LOT OF

CAMPHENE,
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And several Invoices of

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ESTABLISHED IN 1854 FOR THE PERMANENT cure of all Chronic and Private Diseases, and the SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY. Attending and Resident Physician L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War Chief Physician of the 20th Regiment of Honveds, Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of [illegible] Hungary, the late Lecturer on Diseases of the Urinary Organs and Diseases of Women and Children, and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

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Springs from neglect of Nature's laws.

To the Afflicted:

Suffer not when a cure is guaranteed in all stages of secret diseases—Self-Abuse, Nervous Debility, Syphilis in all its stages, Strictures, Gleet, Gravel, Diabetes, diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pains in the Bones and Ankles, Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose and Face, Ulcers upon the Body or Limbs, Cancers, Dropsy, Epileptic Fits, St. Vitus Dance—and all diseases arising from a derangement of the sexual organs—such as Nervous Trembling, Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, General Weakness, Dimness of Vision with peculiar spots appearing before the eyes, Loss of Sight, Wakefulness, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Eruptions upon the Face, Pains in the Back and Head, Female Irregularities—and all improper discharges of both sexes. It matters not from what cause the disease originated, however long standing [illegible] [illegible] the case [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the disease has baffled the skill of eminent physicians [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] entirely vegetable [illegible] [illegible] During [illegible] [illegible] in Europe, the Atlantic States and California, I have rescued from the jaws [illegible] [illegible] many thousands who [illegible] last stages [illegible] [illegible] been given up to die by their physicians [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] speedy and [illegible] Private diseases [illegible] [illegible] the first cause of consumption [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] majority of cases falling [illegible] [illegible] persons [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the disease [illegible] into a rapid consumption. [illegible] [illegible] the victim marries the disease is entailed upon the children [illegible] feeble constitution and [illegible] [illegible] the eyes, throat and lungs [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] grave.

Self-abuse is another formidable enemy to health, for nothing else [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

All letters [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Address DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., [illegible] Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite [illegible] [illegible] Co.'s Office, San Francisco.

Remarkable Instance of Medical Relief.

Below we publish the certificates of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of their [illegible] [illegible] by a Notary [illegible] [illegible]

I [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] sincere gratitude to Dr. L. J. Czapkay for the [illegible] recovery of his health [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in youth [illegible] in body and mind [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] the most trifling duty imposed upon them [illegible] [illegible] I sought the advice of many physicians [illegible] [illegible] in cases of trifling [illegible] [illegible] after a few weeks and in several [illegible] [illegible] their treatment I found to my [illegible] [illegible] that instead of relief my symptoms became more alarming [illegible] [illegible] told by one that my disease [illegible] confined to the brain, medicine would be of little consequence. I despaired of ever regaining [illegible] [illegible] strength [illegible] energy [illegible] as a last resort, and with but a faint hope, called upon Dr. Czapkay, who, after [illegible] [illegible] prescribed some medicine which almost instantly relieved me of the dull pain and dizziness in my head. [illegible] [illegible] the result I resolved to place myself [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] strict obedience to all his [illegible] advice, my head became clear, and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in my back and groins, the weakness [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] nervous [illegible] excitement the mournful [illegible] [illegible] self distrust and want of confidence [illegible] [illegible] and want of [illegible] the frightful [illegible] and at times pleasurable dreams at night [illegible] [illegible] discharges have all disappeared [illegible] [illegible] after having consulted the [illegible] I felt as if inspired by a new life—that life [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to end by my own hand. With the view [illegible] from [illegible] [illegible] I deem it my duty [illegible] [illegible] skill of Dr Czapkay and [illegible] all who may stand in need of medical advice [illegible] my own experience that [illegible] [illegible] radical and permanent cure will be effected.

B. F. FILLMORE

State of California, County of San Francisco.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this seventh day of April, A. D. 1856. Signed
[L. S.] JOHN MIDDLETON, Notary Public

MARYSVILLE, June 3d, 185[illegible]

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco—Sir: I have used [illegible] [illegible] medicine and do not think I shall need [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] I have not [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] appetite [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] since I called [illegible] [illegible] with my constitution, as I thought, [illegible] [illegible] I never thought you would be able to cure [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] something [illegible] in my back and head and strengthen [illegible] [illegible] I would not get excited and tremble [illegible] [illegible] that you know what I expected, you [illegible] [illegible] fact [illegible] complete recovery from those [illegible] [illegible] removal of those sores and blotches [illegible] [illegible] from my [illegible] and the entire [illegible] [illegible] which you said were principally the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] all you which [illegible] great [illegible] my surprise [illegible] except not having [illegible] [illegible] my strength [illegible] [illegible] can feel.

[illegible] twenty dollars over your charge [illegible] [illegible] cured. If you think anybody will be benefited [illegible] put this letter in the newspapers [illegible] [illegible] THOMAS HAYDEN.

Thankfulness is the incentive to gratitude.

CERTIFICATE.—[illegible] [illegible] honest desire of my heart I wish to lay before the public a case which deserves [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of scientific skill, but [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and only and [illegible] [illegible] with a fit of epilepsy, which [illegible] inability to [illegible] the expenses [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] it soon became [illegible] [illegible] defy the skill of [illegible] physician [illegible] [illegible] result of my [illegible] [illegible] without the slightest warning. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] yet despaired [illegible] [illegible] look upon them [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] danger [illegible] [illegible] prolonging the existence of my [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] my affliction [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] was induced to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] restored to perfect [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which I [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] I consider [illegible] [illegible] the case public [illegible] may find a physician [illegible] [illegible] placed.

[illegible] YABLONSKY.

[illegible] [illegible] Subscribed [illegible] [illegible] August A. D. 1856.
GILBERT A. GRANT, Notary Public.

Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY'S Private Medical and Surgical Institute [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] opposite the [illegible] Steamship Co.'s office, San Francisco. The Doctor [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] operation unless [illegible] effects a cure. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

SPERMATORRHOEA, or LOCAL WEAKNESS, nervous [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the limbs and [illegible] [illegible] for labor and study, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] aversion to society [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] dizziness, [illegible] [illegible] affections of the [illegible] [illegible] infirmities in [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] physician and surgeon [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with great success.

All [illegible] [illegible] free.

Address, L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D.